

Holley Park Academy - Music Progression Map 2020 - 2021

Level Expected at the End of EYFS

Expressive Arts and Design (Exploring and Using Media and Materials)

Children sing songs, make music, dance and experiment with ways of changing them.

Expressive Arts and Design (Being Imaginative)

Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.

Key Stage 1 National Curriculum Expectations

Pupils should be taught to:

- use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes;
- play tuned and untuned instruments musically;
- listen with concentration and understanding to a range of highquality live and recorded music;
- experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music.

Key Stage 2 National Curriculum Expectations

Pupils should be taught to:

- play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression;
- improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music;
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory;
- use and understand staff and other musical notations;
- appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians;
- develop an understanding of the history of music.

Intent

Music should be an enjoyable experience for pupils and teachers. Children participate in a range of musical experiences, building up their confidence at the same time. They develop their understanding of rhythm and pitch and learn how music is structured, as well as learning technical vocabulary for these elements. As children's confidence builds, they enjoy the performance aspect of music. Children experience listening to music from different cultures and eras.

Implementation

Music is taught as a discrete subject but also across the curriculum. Areas of learning, such as times tables in maths, vocabulary in languages and movement in dance can all incorporate different elements of music. A weekly singing assembly allows the children opportunities to develop their singing skills and gain an understanding of how ensembles work. Performances, such as Christmas plays and nativities and end of year shows, demonstrate that music is important to the life of the school. Extracurricular activities, such as choir and peripatetic music lessons, also provide children with experience of making music.

Impact

The impact of teaching music will be seen across the school with an increase in the profile of music. Whole-school and parental engagement will be improved through performances, extracurricular activities and opportunities. Participation in music develops wellbeing, promotes listening and develops concentration. We want to ensure that music is loved by teachers and pupils across school, encouraging them to want to continue building on this wealth of musical ability, now and in the future.

	KS1	LKS2	UKS2
Performing	KS1 Music National Curriculum	KS2 Music National Curriculum	KS2 Music National Curriculum
	creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.	Pupils should be taught to play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	Pupils should be taught to play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.
	a. sing with good diction,	Children can: a. sing with good diction;	Children can:
	b. begin to be able to sing in tune songs with a limited range;	b. sing in tune songs with a limited range; c. sing a song with two or more parts; d. perform with expression;	 sing with good diction; sing in tune; sing a song with two or more parts, showing
		e. use correct technique to play instruments.	confidence at being able to maintain tempo and pitch;
	KS1 Music National Curriculum		perform with accuracy and expression, showing an understanding of the context of the music;
	Pupils should be taught to play tuned and untuned instruments musically.		5. use correct technique to play instruments with improved confidence and accuracy.
	Children can: a. name a variety of instruments; b. perform with a good sense of beat and rhythm; c. perform together in an ensemble;		
	d. change the tempo or dynamics while playing an instrument.		

KS1 Music National Curriculum KS2 Music National Curriculum KS2 Music National Curriculum Pupils should be taught to listen with concentration and Pupils should be taught to listen with attention to detail and Pupils should be taught to appreciate and understand a understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded recall sounds with increasing aural memory. wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn music from different traditions and from great composers and musicians. Children can: Children can: a. find the beat in a piece of music: Children can: a. begin to recognise different genres of music: b. explain the tempo, dynamics and duration of a piece of 1. recognise a range of music genres (including from music: around the world) and describe their b. begin to recognise instruments being played in a piece of characteristics: music: C. begin to recognise some orchestral instruments in a piece 2. name a variety of composers and artists associated of music. with different genres of music: c. express their opinion about pieces of music. recognise instruments being played in a piece of KS2 Music National Curriculum music: express their opinion about pieces of music using Pupils should be taught to appreciate and understand a appropriate musical vocabulary: wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn 5. discuss similarities and differences in pieces of from different traditions and from great composers and music and explain how composers and performers musicians. achieve this. Children can: 1. recognise a range of music genres; 2. recognise instruments being played in a piece of music: 3. express their opinion about pieces of music using appropriate musical vocabulary;

4. discuss similarities and differences in pieces of

music.

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	KS1 Music National Curriculum	KS2 Music National Curriculum	KS2 Music National Curriculum
Composing	and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.		Pupils should be taught to develop an understanding of the history of music. Children can:
			a. name some composers and genres of music from different eras;
	b. create sound effects for a picture or story, thinking about how music can create a mood;		b. name different musical periods.
	c. write down their compositions using symbols, pictures or patterns.		
	KS1 Music National Curriculum	KS2 Music National Curriculum	KS2 Music National Curriculum
			Pupils should be taught to use and understand staff and other musical notations.
		Children can:	Children can:
		 recognise crotchets, quavers, semibreves and crotchet rests; begin to be able to recognise some notes on a treble clef staff. 	recognise crotchets, quavers, semibreves, crotchet and quaver rests;
			recognise notes on a treble clef staff;
			understand that notes are positioned differently on a bass clef;
			read, and play from, music notation;
Notation			record their own compositions using music notation.

	KS1 Music National Curriculum	KS2 Music National Curriculum	KS2 Music National Curriculum
			Pupils should be taught to develop an understanding of the history of music.
		Children can:	Children can:
			a. name some composers and genres of music from different eras;
Music			b. name different musical periods.
of			
Knowledge			